

# THE CHATTANOOGA NEWS

## FRENCH TROOPS CAPTURE ROYE

### LINER SINKS U. S. PATROL BOAT; SEVENTEEN MISSING

### Mistakes Chaser For a German Submarine and Opens Fire With Deadly Effect—Eight Believed Dead—List of Saved.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The commander, executive officer and fifteen members of the crew of submarine chaser No. 209 are missing following the sinking of the craft by another steamship, on the mistaken idea that it was a German submarine, the navy department announced this morning. Nine survivors have been landed, eight at New York and one at Lewes, Del.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 27.—Eight of the members of the crew of the U. S. patrol boat are believed to have been killed when the boat was fired upon and sunk by an incoming liner sixty miles southeast of Sandy Hook, the officers of which reported to have mistaken the patrol for a submarine. News of the tragedy was brought to this port by a United States destroyer, which arrived here with eight survivors, members of the crew of the patrol boat.

According to the story, the patrol boat was cruising near this point where she was sunk at 3 o'clock this morning. The liner, which was reported to have mistaken the patrol for a German U-boat and is said to have opened fire and sunk it.

It is understood that another survivor from the patrol boat was landed at Lewes, Del.

Of the nine survivors, four were wounded, said the navy department announcement. The four wounded are

Thomas Harrin, Claude Wilde, Clarence S. Evans and R. A. Corcoran.

The remaining five survivors are: Elmer E. Gleason, Elmer S. Kirby, Claude Kalney, Charles N. Thomas and George B. Weiland.

The steamer that fired on the chaser was the Felix Taussig. The encounter occurred at 3 o'clock this morning south of Long Island, but the exact location was not revealed in the navy department announcement.

According to unofficial reports, the boat had been operating along the coast in search of enemy submarines and she was making her way to her base when she was sighted by the merchant vessel.

Apparently the merchant ship proceeded on its course, the officers believing the encounter had been with an enemy submarine.

A United States destroyer, plying nearby, hurried to the scene where the merchant vessel opened fire immediately and with deadly accuracy. Half a dozen shots were fired, and nearly every one of them struck the patrol boat.

It is not known what vessel saved the ninth survivor.

### POILUS CROSS RIVER ALLETTE

### In Boats Near Oise, Opening Way for Attack on Rear Somme Line.

### 1,100 PRISONERS CAPTURED

Paris, Aug. 27.—French troops have crossed the Allette in boats near Oise, opening the way for an attack on the rear of the enemy's Somme line, the International News Service learned today.

Two Battalion Commanders, advanced this morning in the region of St. Mar, southwest of Roye, after having repulsed a number of enemy counter attacks in that sector, according to the official statement issued at the war office today. They have captured 1,100 prisoners, including thirty officers, two of whom are battalion commanders, the statement says.

East of Bagnaux, north of the Aisne, the French have advanced their line about three-quarters of a mile, the statement says. German counter attacks were repulsed in this region.

British Bagged 2,000.

On a front of six miles south of the Scarpe the British advanced to a maximum depth of two and a half miles. Important gains were made around Bapaume and Croisilles, the centers of enemy resistance between the Scarpe and the Somme.

No Germans remain in Bapaume, says the correspondent of Le Matin du British front. He adds that patrols have penetrated the ruins which mark the former enemy advanced concentration center.

The newspapers do not believe that the Germans will be able to hold out in Roye much longer, notwithstanding the enormous sacrifices they have made in attempts to hold that town.

Tenth Army Renews Blow.

Paris, Aug. 27.—(Noon).—Gen. Mangin's Tenth French army has renewed its drive against the German lines north of Soissons. Last night French troops advanced their line for a distance of 1,300 meters in the vicinity of Hagnaux, which lies directly north of Soissons.

Around Roye, where they made progress yesterday, French troops last night pushed farther ahead and brought their total of prisoners in that operation up to 1,200.

German counter attacks west of Chavigny (between Soissons and Bagnaux) were beaten off, the French taking prisoners.

### AMERICA'S POLICY FINDS UTMOST FAVOR IN RUSSIA

Archangel, Aug. 26.—Nicholas Tchikovsky, president of the provisional government here, made this statement today concerning the recent announcement of America's policy toward Russia:

"America's policy exactly meets our wishes. We want to bring about a new Russian front and reorganize the country ourselves. We want the allies to form a stream of troops behind which we can work out our own salvation. He added that he would soon issue an order mobilizing a new national army and restoring compulsory military service.

Announcement was made in Washington Aug. 3 that the United States and Japan would send a force to Siberia to safeguard the country, that the United States would continue to cooperate with France and Great Britain in northern Russia and that the United States would send a commission of experts to relieve the immediate economic necessities of the people and give other aid. It was decided to assure formally the people of Russia that the United States and Japan did not intend to interfere politically or to impair her territorial integrity.

### EXCLUDE ALL VOLUNTEER PASTORS FROM CAMP

### Church Workers From Macon, Ga., Go to Washington to Protest.

Macon, Ga., Aug. 27.—The barring of camp pastors and voluntary chaplains from Camp Wheeler and other military camps by orders of the war department and leaving the spiritual welfare work for the soldiers in the hands of the regular army chaplains is bringing forth protests from the Protestant denominations and P. D. Gray, secretary of the home mission board of the United Methodist church, has been one of the many pastors of the same denomination, have gone to Washington to register a protest. They declare there is discrimination in favor of Jewish and Catholic workers.

### A. SHELTON SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN OVERLOOKED

### Was Scheduled to Succeed Beckham—Everybody Silent About Appointments.

Although silence is strictly maintained, there is a story that a slip between the cup and the lip in the appointment of D. F. Beckham as chief clerk to County Judge-elect Sam A. Connor.

There, however, seems to be no misunderstanding about the election of Beckham, clerk to the highway commission. In the meantime, A. Shelton seems to have been overlooked. A leading politician stated Tuesday morning that when D. F. Beckham was appointed, chief clerk to the county judge-elect it was with the understanding that A. Shelton, a friend and ardent supporter of Sam A. Connor, was to take the place left vacant by Mr. Beckham.

This arrangement, however, to have been misunderstood as soon as they were told of Mr. Beckham's appointment as clerk to the county judge, they elected Judge J. B. Itagon as his successor. Then it was the appointment of Mr. Beckham that did not seem to give as much satisfaction as it should have, and it was pointed out that he had been elected clerk to the highway commission and as such he was to be in the county judge-elect's office. Several leading democrats were open in their criticism of Judge Beckham Tuesday, and said that he had advocated the cutting down of expenses in his office, but instead was trying to cut them down in another department and leave them the same in the county judge's office. However, the matter, it is stated, will be adjusted in some manner.

### CHINESE MERCHANT WANTS TO GO TO RESCUE OF SON

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Because his 15-year-old son has been captured by Chinese brigands and held in their mountain retreat for \$2,000, a Chinese merchant, Moy Hong Jung, a Chinese merchant of Chicago, has appealed to the federal authorities to grant him passports to China so he may go to the rescue of the youth. According to Jung, his boy was attending a college in the province of Kwang-Tung. Late in June 100 brigands swooped down on the college and took between forty and sixty youths into captivity. All now are being held for ransom.

### VAUDEVILLE STAR GOES TO FRANCE

Washington, Aug. 27.—Irene Franklin, vaudeville star, has "enlisted." She will receive \$60 a month and found to play the liberty circuit in France, it was learned here today.

### SEVENTY DIVISIONS USED ON AISNE-SCARPE

British Headquarters in France, Aug. 27.—(Canadian Press).—British officers estimate that the Germans were forced to use at least thirty divisions between the Scarpe and Aisne rivers from Aug. 5 to Aug. 25.

### KEYSTONE POINT SLOWLY CIRCLED

### Smash Hun Lines in Picardy, British Reach Bapaume on West and North.

### FRENCH AGAIN ADVANCE

### Germans Not Demoralized in Arras-Soissons Area, but Fighting Savagely.

(Associated Press.)  
Smashing through the German lines in the battlefield of northern Picardy British troops have reached the western and northern outskirts of Bapaume, the town which has been considered the keystone of the enemy lines in that sector of the front.

The official statement issued at London today shows slow but continued progress in almost every part of the line from Croisilles, far to the north, to well below the Somme river.

The British are advancing toward Beugnotre, 2 1/2 miles northeast of Bapaume. Nearer the Somme river they have moved eastward along the difficult ground that borders that stream. They are reported east of Suzanne, which is situated on the northern bank of the river and are closing in on Domperle, which may be the pivot of the German lines south of the Somme in the direction of Chaulnes.

Enemy Efforts Repulsed.  
French troops are once more advancing near Roye, the official statement issued at London today. German counter attacks were repulsed in this region.

Between the Aisne and the Scarpe the French have repulsed German counter attacks and have advanced their line about three-quarters of a mile in the district east of Bagnaux. This advance should bring Gen. Mangin's armies nearly north of the town of Juvisy, which appears to be important from a defensive point of view. There is little indication, however, of any German advance in this region. It is going on from Arras to Soissons. At every point they seem to be fighting savagely and to be compelling the British and French to extend themselves to the limit. This resistance seems to be especially vigorous in the region of Croisilles and further north between the Coquel and Scarpe rivers where the British attacked yesterday morning.

### ROME REPORTS CHECKING OF SUPERIOR ENEMY ARMY

### Vienna Claims Recapture of Berat and Fieri After San- guinary Fighting.

Rome, Monday, Aug. 26.—The Italian troops in Albania, in the region of the Semeri and Osmi rivers, after checking superior enemy forces in several days of fighting, have retired undisturbed to prepare defense, says an official statement issued today. The Austrians suffered a sanguinary defeat Aug. 21 and have not renewed their attacks since.

### Austrian War Report.

Vienna, via London, Monday, Aug. 26.—In Albania Austrian troops have captured Berat and the town of Fieri, near the mouth of the Semeri, says the official statement from Austro-Hungarian headquarters today. The Italians lost heavily in men and material.

The capture was made after sanguinary street and house to house fighting. Later Berat was taken and shortly afterward the Italians were driven from the dominating heights of Speragi and Senja. On the upper Devoll Austrian successes were further consolidated.

### British Seize Austrians.

Rome, Aug. 27.—An Austrian attack in the Cocol valley was repulsed, the Italian war office announced this afternoon.

In the Asiaga, a British raid netted 270 prisoners.

### CHARGES SUPPRESSING OF AIRPLANE FACTS

### Senator Lodge Says Enemies and Allies Know Situation.

Washington, Aug. 27.—By prohibiting newspapers and magazines containing the report of the senate aircraft investigating committee from going abroad, the administration sought to keep the facts of the aircraft situation from the American people, Senator Lodge, republican leader, charged on the floor of the senate this afternoon.

"It seems to me the purpose is perfectly plain," he said. "The tendency of this prohibition would be to make newspapers and magazines which reported the facts of the aircraft situation, and which, if printed, would therefore cause them financial loss."

"The only people in the world that do not know the aircraft situation are the newspapers. It is well known to our allies and our enemies. Of course, if the newspapers omit all mention of it, the facts won't reach the American people."

### GERMAN TROOPS MUTINY IN STATION AT BERLIN

Zurich, Aug. 27.—A mutiny of German troops en route to the front is reported to have taken place at the railway station at Berlin. According to the report the troops refused to proceed until machine guns were trained on them.

### SENATE SAYS "WORK OR FIGHT"

### Does Not Apply to Strikers Who Submit Disputes to War Labor Board.

### "MANPOWER" DISCUSSED

### Senate Rejects Amendment by Senator Fall Which Would Extend Draft Ages.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The senate went on record overwhelmingly in favor of modification of the Reed-Thomas antistrike amendment to the administration manpower bill this afternoon, when it adopted the Cummins amendment to that provision.

Washington, Aug. 27.—An amendment by Senator Fall to place men up to 60 years of age in the military service and to provide for their classification for military, industrial or other service, subject to the president's regulations, was rejected, 5 to 54.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The work or fight amendment written into the new manpower bill by the senate military committee was approved by the senate today by a vote of 40 to 30, with an amendment providing that it shall not apply to strikers who return to work and submit their demands to the war labor board.

Senator Hitchcock, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, backed up republican leader Lodge in this afternoon's debate on the bill when he asserted that a great military triumph is necessary before the war can be won.

Hitchcock explained the necessity for lowering the draft age to 18. He said unless the men under 23 were made available the United States would be unable to raise any adequate forces to fight the coming battles for democracy. Peace by compromise is now impossible, he said.

The Cummins amendment was adopted unanimously. It provides that strikers, who immediately upon ceasing work, submit their grievances to the war labor board for adjustment, agree to abide by its decision, and immediately return to work, shall not be subject to the military service, as provided in the antistrike provision of the bill.

Seventy-three German divisions were present and all voted in the affirmative. The Reed-Thomas amendment would absolutely prevent strikes. The Cummins amendment recognizes the right of workers to strike but provides that they must not continue to hold up production of war essentials.

The fight over the anti-strike amendment to the administration manpower bill was practically settled when the senate refused by a vote of 40 to 20 to strike the Reed-Thomas amendment from the bill.

The vote was taken on a motion by Senator McKellar of Tennessee to eliminate the entire provision in which the anti-strike provision is contained. It would also have eliminated the Cummins amendment to the provision, which was adopted in the afternoon by a vote of 73 to 9.

Washington, Aug. 27.—Whether to include the Reed-Thomas antistrike amendment was the only important question in the senate today. It met at noon today for final consideration of the win-the-war manpower bill.

Under an agreement reached late yesterday afternoon the senate will vote at 4 o'clock on the bill and all pending amendments. After 1 o'clock no senator may speak more than once, nor longer than fifteen minutes on the bill. Speeches on amendments are limited to ten minutes.

Polis of the senate today showed that the vote on the antistrike provision will be very close. Administration opposition to it was given the democratic authors of the amendment to lose hope of its adoption. If the amendment is adopted, it almost certainly will be modified by the adoption of amendments by Senator Cummins of Iowa.

In its original form any person exempted on industrial grounds who did not in good faith continue to work for which he was exempted would be immediately inducted into the military service. Senator Cummins will propose an amendment that will legalize strikes, in case employers did not abide by awards of the war labor board, after discontented workers had referred any grievance to it for decision.

Whether the antistrike amendment, as modified, is adopted or rejected, Senator Fall of New Mexico, has given notice that he will offer a substitute for it. This substitute will compel registration of all men between 18 and 60 and give the president power to classify them for military or industrial service. Permits for industrial service would be issued, with the provision that the president may cancel them and induct their holders into the military service whenever he deems such action necessary.

This substitute, which includes not only an extension of the draft ages beyond even the limits desired by the administration, but in addition a provision for practical conscription of labor, will almost certainly be rejected.

### 20,000 AUSTRIAN MUTINEERS BEHIND LINES IN ITALY

London, Aug. 27.—A dispatch to the Daily Express from Paris quotes an officer just returned from Italy as saying that there are 20,000 armed mutineers behind the Italian lines in the Alps.

According to information reaching the Italian lines, three battalions of Austrian troops have been captured. These men, instead of attacking, joined the mutineers.

### FAIR, SAYS BILLY 'POSSUM

Already, furs are on display, you pick them out and sweat. The furs are bought in the market, though ice we cannot get; soon youths will smoke at two months old, and cultivate a beard.

The decision was made at the speed we now unfold, the age in which we're reared. The wealthier furs are bought, fair with little change in temperature tonight and Wednesday.

London, Aug. 27.—"War to the death, conquer or perish together," the new paper Epocha claims to have learned, is the decision of the Kaiser following his recent conference with Emperor Charles, according to a Central News dispatch from Rome. The Epocha asserts that the Kaiser declared that no concessions will be made to the enemy, and that war on land and sea will be intensified.

### HINT IN PRONUNCIATION.

In pronouncing French names, one must remember that in the French language, though the alphabet is practically the same, the sounds are different. Then, to master the sounds of the following letters is a first requisite: A, like broad a; b (ba); c (ca); d (da); e, like a; f (ef); g (ga); h (ha); i (ee); j (ah); k (ka); l (el); m (em); n (en); o, the same as long o; p (pay); q (ku); r (air); s (east); t, like day; v, like vay; w, like dou; x (ecks); y (ee grec); z (zaid).

Try pronouncing:  
Chateauroux ..... Sha-to-roo  
Chatelet ..... Shat-tel  
Chateaufort ..... Shad-ton-tain  
Coligny ..... Ko-len-ye  
Compiègne ..... Kom-pee-ain  
Conde ..... Kon-day  
Congo ..... Kon-zee  
Consuevay ..... Kon-son-vwah  
Craonne ..... Krah-on

### STREETS RUN RED WITH FOE'S BLOOD

### British Storm Favreuil, Fore- stalling Counter Attack.

### Great Possibilities.

### STEADY PROGRESS MADE

### German High Command Leav- ing Remnants of Forces to Fight Losing Battle.

With the British Army in France, Monday, Aug. 26.—(Evening).—(A. P.)—The extension of the British line north of the Scarpe has brought the attackers to within striking distance of a good part of the Hindenburg line, back of which is open country with the terrain and roads in excellent condition for the movement of tanks and horses.

The British made steady progress again today, especially on the new section of the front around Bapaume and astride the Somme. German resistance again was stubborn. However, it is beginning to look as though the enemy is fighting rear guard actions hoping to move his material to the rear.

No fresh German divisions have been identified in the recent fighting. The present line is a saving what remains of the German high command now is to leave battered divisions to fight rear guard actions and, incidentally, to make a large part of the remnants of these formations chewed to pieces by the British fire.

Thirty Divisions Crippled.  
Remnants of nearly thirty German divisions, many of which have been badly hit and crippled, are striving to hold off Great Britain. There are signs of even greater confusion behind the German lines. Companies of various regiments have been thrown in almost any place. The strength of a large number of these companies has been whittled down until they hardly contain twenty-five men, according to prisoners, many more of whom have passed through the collecting cages.

Gen. Ludendorff perhaps has some plans to make a stand to the rear of the present line, but it seems unlikely that he can do so. It would be surprising if the enemy intended to put up a stiff defense somewhere on a line running generally north and south through Favreuil.

There was heavy fighting today around Bapaume. Favreuil, just north of Bapaume, has been taken and the streets run red with the blood of Germans. The enemy was prepared to launch a counter attack here but his troops were caught under the fire of the British artillery. The British then stormed into the town and captured what remained of the enemy's force.

On Hindenburg Line.  
There are unconfirmed rumors that British patrols have reconnoitered into Bapaume and have gone some distance without seeing any of the enemy. British shells have been raining down on Bapaume for many hours.

The new section of the battle front just north of the Scarpe offers great possibilities. The attacking forces here are driving eastward astride the Arras-Cambrai road and now are beyond Monchy-le-Preux and Wancourt. These points virtually are on the Hindenburg line. The rain during the night did not interfere with the British advance for the operations are on hard ground. Rain put the Germans at a disadvantage, particularly those in crater holes with machine guns. From Favreuil the British pushed east and south further encircling Bapaume.

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### JUDGE BINGHAM REVERSES POLICY OF WATTERSON

### Louisville Courier-Journal, Under New Ownership, Comes Opt for Suffrage.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 27.—The Louisville Courier-Journal, which under the ownership of Col. Henry Watterson bitterly opposed suffrage, came out today for votes for women. The new publisher, Judge Robert W. Bingham, has changed the policy of the paper.

### KAISER AND EMPEROR CRY "WAR TO DEATH"

London, Aug. 27.—"War to the death, conquer or perish together," the new paper Epocha claims to have learned, is the decision of the Kaiser following his recent conference with Emperor Charles, according to a Central News dispatch from Rome. The Epocha asserts that the Kaiser declared that no concessions will be made to the enemy, and that war on land and sea will be intensified.

### MARSHAL HAIG'S FORCES ADVANCE ASTRIDE SCARPE

### Britishers Penetrate Enemy Line at Heninel. Fresh German Troops Launch Heavy Counter Thrust at Longueval, English Giving Way Slightly—New Zealanders in Bapaume Battle.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 27.—The Hindenburg line has been penetrated by the British troops at a point east of Heninel. (Heninel is between Bapaume and the Scarpe river.)

North of the Scarpe river Scottish troops renewed their attack against the Germans last night and have advanced toward Plouvain, the official statement says.

11 a.m.—Troops of Field Marshal Haig today are advancing astride the River Scarpe and are pushing forward to the south of Bapaume. Elsewhere along the British front their progress also continues.

There has been heavy fighting at Longueval and on the adjacent ground, where the Germans launched a heavy counter attack with fresh forces brought up especially for the purpose from Sedan. In the face of this counter attack, the British fell back to the edge of Longueval. (Longueval is slightly northwest of Combles and southwest of Bapaume.)

12:30 p.m.—New Zealand troops are now fighting in the outskirts of Bapaume, according to Field Marshal Haig's report to the war office today.

### WOULD PROVIDE EIGHT BILLIONS

### Kitchin's Schedule of, Excess Profits Tax Adds Almost a Billion Dollars.

### REVENUE BILL DRAFTED

### Ways and Means Committee Hopes to Report on Measure Soon.

Washington, Aug. 27.—As the new revenue bill framed by the house ways and means committee stands today, it would provide \$8,100,000,000 for the next fiscal year without the imposition of consumption taxes upon tea, coffee and sugar, a member of the committee stated today.

On last Wednesday, before the schedule of increased excess profits taxation favored by Chairman Kitchin, of the committee, and opposed by Secretary McAdoo was incorporated in it, it would have provided \$7,440,000,000. The committee is reported to have decided to drop the measure being passed by the start of the next liberty loan drive on Sept. 23, as he had desired.

The bill in its present form is now in the possession of Secretary McAdoo, who, according to Chairman Kitchin, has agreed that the final draft of it may prove as satisfactory as possible to the senate and house when it is reported. Secretary McAdoo is also said to be now resigned to the likelihood of the measure being passed by the start of the next liberty loan drive on Sept. 23, as he had desired.

Chairman Kitchin is hopeful that his committee will be able to report the bill before the week-end, but it is not expected to make its appearance in the house until after the 30th. He will confer today with Mr. McAdoo on the income taxation, on which they are also divided, Kitchin favoring a 10 percent, and the secretary a 15 percent, tax on earned or normal incomes. They are, however, agreed on a 3 percent differential on unearned incomes.

Another subject they will talk over is that of inadmissible assets. Kitchin explains that in the computation of capital gains and losses, profits to be deducted under both the proposed war and excess profits taxation the committee has decided to exclude stocks and bonds, other than United States securities, which have been deducted in computing the taxpayer's net income.

Members of the committee are hopeful that the differences existing between it and Secretary McAdoo as to the income and excess profits tax deduction of the bill will be smoothed out before it is reported.

### BRITISH ATTACK ON SCARPE A FAILURE, SAYS BERLIN

Berlin (Via London), Aug. 26.—The supplementary official statement from German general headquarters this evening reads:

"The British attacks have extended to north of the Scarpe.

"On both sides of Bapaume and north of the Somme there have been vigorous engagements. Enemy attacks in the main have failed. At some places counter attacks still are in progress. Longueval and Montauban, temporarily lost, have been recaptured. "Between the Somme and the Oise apart from the local engagements north of the Avre the day has been quiet. Partial engagements occurred north of the Aisne."

### MAKE MOTION FOR NEW I. W. W. TRIAL

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Motions for a new trial and for arrest in judgment in the case of 100 members of the I. W. W., convicted of conspiracy to hinder United States war preparations, were met today by Judge Landis' declaration that he will dispose of the trial on Thursday. He is expected to sentence most of the defendants to long penitentiary terms.

### CAPT. KERMIT ROOSEVELT WARDEN SERVICE CROSS

London, Aug. 27.—The award "to temporary and honorary Capt. Kermit Roosevelt," son of Col. Roosevelt, of the military cross for services in Mesopotamia was announced in the Official Gazette last night. Until he joined the American forces in France, Capt. Roosevelt was attached to the British